THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 9 1868. 528786 VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 133

MEMPHIS APPEAL

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

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" " per week	25
To newsdealers, per copy	5 00
Weekly per annum (in advance)	5 00

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" " each additional insertion	75
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" " two weeks	6 00
" " three weeks	7 00
" " one month	8 00

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☞ Right lines of solid nonpareil constitute a square.

☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 25 cents per line.

☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.

☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

☞ Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly paper will be charged at same rates, per week or month, as in the Daily, unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

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MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW CALENDAR.

A. M. 5628.

1st Tisri, 23d September,	1867.
1st Kheshvan, 22d October,	"
1st Kisleu, 20th November,	"
1st Tebet, 21th December,	"
1st Shebat, 20th January,	1868.
1st Adar, 21th February,	"
1st Nisan, 22d March,	"
1st Iyar, 21st April,	"
1st Sivan, 20th May,	"
1st Tammuz, 21st June,	"
1st Ab, 20th July,	"
1st Elul, 19th August,	"
4th Wednesday, 26th February,	1868.
Monday Thursday, 9th April,	"
Good Friday, 10th April,	"
Easter Sunday, 12th April,	"
Ascension, 21st May,	"
Pentecost, 31st May,	"
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year.	

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MASONIC DIRECTORY.

1867.

LODGES.

Angerona, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, in Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. H. F. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

South Memphis, No. 198. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. J. T. Sellars, W. M.; Seal. K. Pullen, Sec.

Lexington, No. 284. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Alnslie, W. M.; H. F. Woodward, Sec.

Hartsville, No. 296. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

Kilwinning, No. 311 (I. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—234 Front street. John J. Worsham, 33d, W. M. R. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

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R. AND S. M.

Eureka Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

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Mitchell Lodge of Perfection, 11th; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday each month. George Mollorsh, 32d, G. M.; A. S. Frankland, 32d, Sec.

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Calvary Chapter of Rose Croix, 18th, No. 1. Charles W. Adams, KM, M. W.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.

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nov21

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S. A. SMITH, late with Dr. A. Wesson.
nov 27 ly

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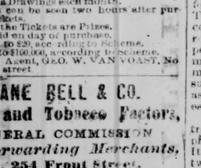

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OUR RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Interesting Paper read by Hon. Joshua Gidding before the American Social Science Association, etc., etc., etc.

[CONCLUDED FROM YESTERDAY.]

Now I am not disposed to make of short-coming a theme for censure. In many cases it is known that they have done all that could be done with the means at their command, and with the powers conferred by the system of the times. Let the people of Illinois, for a long time Mr. Hall says, "We shall ought to be able to make and transport it to the metropolis of Seventy-eight cents per ton; but we are getting the way for less than a penny per ton to London. Then the poor people of Illinois, generally, are to be taxed to make up the deficiency, and the Illinois Central Railroad, as a corporation, is to be chastised, and its selling price to the prosperous farmers of Illinois increased, and their products made to pay more than they ought to pay. Let the people make the matter—take the English part of the case—and they will see that it is not to their interest, and can not be for their benefit, to have the Illinois Central Railroad, and their land, as much as it is, and yet to have

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

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JOHN AINSLIE, FINANCIAL EDITOR.
HARRY BEEK, LOCAL EDITOR.
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PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

NO ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

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PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER IS JUST; whatever is RIGHT; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR THE DISTRICT OF WEST TENNESSEE.

The following named gentlemen are hereby appointed a Central Executive Committee for the District of West Tennessee:

SHELBY COUNTY.—M. D. L. Stewart, Alfred T. Lacey, Jesse W. Page.
WEAKLEY COUNTY.—William P. Caldwell.
DYER COUNTY.—Charles Gibbs.
GIBSON COUNTY.—Wise A. Cooper.
MADISON COUNTY.—W. W. Gates.
HARDEMAN COUNTY.—Judge Miller.
MCNAIRY COUNTY.—S. L. Warren.

With full power to appoint a Congressional Executive Committee for the 5th and 8th Congressional Districts of the State, with power to appoint Executive Committees for the several counties composing their respective Congressional Districts.

By order of the State Central Executive Committee of the Conservative party for the State of Tennessee.

THE LABOUR QUESTION.

It is quite plain that the system so largely followed this year, of remunerating the labourer by a share of the crop is a dead failure. If it is possible to make the labour of the negro as a freedman profitable at all in the cultivation of the soil, which we do not believe, it is absolutely certain that cotton can no longer be cultivated with it, without loss and ultimate ruin. We have lost all control over the cotton market, to such an extent that although it is now evident that our crop is not much more than half the number of bales estimated four months ago, prices have continued to decline. There is no probability that cotton will be worth more than ten cents per pound the coming year; and at that price even without the double tax now paid upon it by the planter, it will not pay to make it by the labour of the freed negro. The *Southwestern*, in a forcible and well considered article, says:

It is absolutely necessary for their own self-preservation that the employers of this country, and particularly the upland proprietors, should recognise the fact that speedy bankruptcy is the inevitable result of the attempt to cultivate crops as they were cultivated before the war, by hands in gangs, and paynible by share in the crops.

They must contemplate the fact, and deal promptly with it, before the advent of another year shall introduce and continue the system, and with it the losses of the present year, followed by such exhaustion of materials and means that agricultural operations must perish of necessity. They must teach the freedman that a partnership in the crop is utterly ruinous, and that it is to his interest to readjust his wages for labor. If, through the officious intermeddling of his new found friends and protectors, or his own persistent and ruinous exactions, he should refuse to work for wages, let him then take his own course, find employment where he can, and subsistence as he may. If the Government can afford it, let him be fed at its expense. It is able, far better able to feed and clothe him in his idleness, than his employer is to furnish him house rent, rations and fuel, and give him a third of his crop, in the shape of wages for labor that is not worth its board. It were better, too, that the lands of the country should remain untilled for one year than that a system of perpetual loss should be permanently fixed upon the owners of the soil, and merely to provide homes for idle and thriftless negroes.

Our planters, and especially those upon the uplands, then, must take this matter in their own hands, and refuse to share their crops, for it is demonstrable that if cotton were worth fifty cents per pound, in the end the planter would be ruined by it, in consequence of the neglect of repairs, extraordinary prices of subsistence, and the continued losses from pilage. Besides the many erable objections arising from the negroes' indifference to material acquisition, resulting from continued employment, and his simple contentment with mere lodging and subsistence, the inequality of such partnerships, where all the capital is furnished by an intelligent partner, and its direction confided to a "legal minor," under the guardianship of the Freedmen's Bureau—besides the neglect of all fences and repairs absolutely essential to good husbandry, and the constant depredations upon the planter's stock—the system is wholly wrong, as it gives a false idea of independence to the merest paupers in the land, and encourages a self-importance at variance with material and the true relations of the races, and, above all, dangerous to the best interests of both. For it teaches the negro to think, as he can deal on terms of equality and partnership with the white man, that he ought to be an equal and a partner to the extent of the adoption of the share system; and the belief to which it has led, that the negro is entitled to a share in the lands as well as a share in the crops, the planters of the South have not been far behind the Radicals themselves in the misdirection and the miseducation of the negro. Equality of land and equality of political rights are two ideas that always run in pairs in the negro's brain. To cure him of one is to cure him of both.

Now, half savage as he is, the negro has sense enough to know he is alike unworthy of suffrage and a share in the crop, but his keen instincts and keener necessities lead him to think that him to profit by the folly of others, and the greater the concession the greater has been his demand in every case. Last year he demanded a share of the crop. It was unwisely conceded to him. This year he demands not only a share of the government, but a supremacy. He enjoys it in Louisiana. In one word, and we ask our readers to ponder well the significance of the fact, he controls both the political power of the State and the labor of the State. This sudden elevation—enough in all conscience, to make dizzy his brain—has been reached by the audacity of the demands made by him and for him, and by the timidity of the concessions granted. From this pinnacle he must topple and fall. He would fall from his own inability to sustain his position, but as this elevation is reached only by reposing his dead weight upon the Radical party for political power, and upon the industrial resources and the capital of the Southern people, his independence, his labor, and his very existence depend upon the success of that party in the work of his elevation. Refuse him suffrage, and refuse him a share of the crop. This is the beginning of his education in the right direction, for it teaches him, not equality, political or social, but his own inferiority and dependence.

Our planters were honestly disposed to "accept the situation" in good faith, and to treat the negro with fairness and generosity. With many of them their old hands remained; and everywhere the negroes were employed either on shares, or at higher wages than are paid to farm-laborers anywhere else in the world. Formerly we could hire white labourers, in Arkansas, at nine dollars a month. The soldier received but seven. In 1866 the negro was paid $15, $20, and in places $25. This would have regulated itself in time, since the wages of the labourer must always at last depend upon the value of the product and the demand and supply of the labour itself.

It was perhaps possible, after the witless race had recovered from the dizziness caused by its sudden investiture with the perilous gift of freedom, that its labour might have been profitably used, at moderate wages; although there was no reason to entertain very sanguine expectations that such would be the result. For, singularly improvident and disinclined to steady toil, the general vagabondage and demoralization of the race was almost inevitable. The planters were willing and even anxious to befriend the negro, and to treat him with more than justice; for he had been obedient and loyal to them during the war, and his emancipation was not his own act.

That emancipation was a dangerous experiment, one whose result was exceedingly uncertain, and which required for its successful issue the exercise of the utmost caution and wisdom. The establishment of the Freedmen's Bureau, to side as a general rule with the negro in all controversies, and to regulate the price of his labour, was itself an immense mistake. It gave him inordinate ideas of his own importance, and did all in its power to turn his poor weak brain. To make the experiment of emancipation a certain failure, and the freedman a curse and a nuisance, such as never before afflicted any land, the lunatics who govern the country gave him the right to vote, and so exposed him to the poisonous and corrupting influences of miserable and paltry adventurers, the very scum and offal of the world, to whom his vote offered the chance of crawling into power and enriching themselves by the spoils of office. Wherever this investiture with the right to vote, and these influences, have had opportunity and time completely to do their work, the wretched victims of legislative folly have become utterly unreliable and worthless as laborers, and dangerous to the peace of society.

The question has now become, to the white race, not one of generosity to the negro, but of self-defence and self-preservation. If the antagonism of the two races is not complete, its completeness is inevitable. With whatever political privileges or power the negro may be temporally invested, he must ultimately become, as labour every where else is, the slave of capital. If he undertakes to cultivate for himself, he will do what his race has done in Jamaica, relapse into barbarism; and as he cannot live here, as he can in the tropics, upon the fruits that grow spontaneously, and almost without a roof or shelter, he must rapidly be exterminated. If even willing to work, his wages cannot be more than will barely support him, and when he ceases to work, he will be allowed to starve. Just now, the people of the North are tickled with the idea of protecting him. It is pleasant to feel philanthropic and have the sense of importance and greatness that the consciousness of being the protector of others inspires. But one soon wearies of pets, especially when they are uncouth and filthy; and the negro is a very disagreeable and unprofitable one. The fit of philanthropy will soon be over, some new excitement will take its place, and the pet, become a nuisance, be kicked out to starve. Already the warm interest felt in the education of small negroes faints and slackens, and the cost of negrophilism chills enthusiasm. These epidemics of folly are never long-lived. When an inferior race becomes insolent, insufferably arrogant and aggressive, sympathy for it ends.

The *South-Western* urges the necessity of "the reconstruction of capital and labour upon a compromise as to terms that will enable the employer and labourer, while adding to the national wealth, to secure, individually, the first a proper interest, and the second adequate compensation." It does not think that the negro will willingly descend from the lofty political eminence on which he is now perched; but suggests that he may after a little, discover that Radicalism is not omnipotent, and see his own impending fate. We have not ourselves shown much wisdom since the war ended, and even yet we feast and riot like BELSHAZZAR, and gorgeous toilettes on their favoured sisters mock starving women, and follies of every kind make the hearts sick of those who know what destitution there is in the land, and shudder at what seems to be the hopeless future. If we are so blind, so amazingly reckless, so utterly unwise, and labour so strenuously as we do to ruin ourselves and one another, and heed so little the portents of the future, what right have we to expect that wisdom and reflection will come to the negro in time to save *him* from the fate that hangs over him like a dark cloud?

The *South-Western* suggests that the planters may "by ignoring partnership with him and by reducing the number of the employed, impress upon him the great lesson that the 'bottom rail' cannot and shall not control the capital and work the lands of the State, as a partner in the profits, which can never be realised through his industry."

It is first of all necessary to give him to understand that he is a voter only by sufferance, and that the Conservative white men of the South do not consent that he shall continue to be invested with a power which he cannot wisely exercise or be safely entrusted with.

Said that noble republican, JOHN MILTON:

"It is also sanctioned, by the dictates of justice and by the constitution of nature, that he who from the imbecility or derangement of his intellect, is incapable of governing himself, should, like a minor, be committed to the government of another; and least of all should he be appointed to superintend the affairs of others or the interests of the State."

There will be no health or peace in our commonwealths, until we all act upon this principle. How little soever he may intend it, every Conservative who, in the hope of winning a temporary success, promises not to endeavour to take from the negro the right to vote, is engaged, to the extent of his influence, in the work of depravation.

The *South-Western*, speaking of the negro, says:

He must not, therefore, be expected voluntarily and immediately to join the movement for solving the problem of the day, the reconstruction of capital and labor upon a compromise as to terms, that would enable the employer and laborer, while adding to the national wealth, to secure, individually, the first a proper interest and the second adequate compensation. But with or without his consent, our planters must inaugurate this movement for their own preservation and protection, or follow the current of the slave and-gang-system over the "shooting Niagara" of their own fortunes, and down to the "bottomless pit" of universal bankruptcy.

These are words well worthy of general consideration. There must be some change, or we shall all "shoot Niagara" together.

THE New York *Herald* states that a comparative statement of prices in New York, Philadelphia, Paris, London, Berlin, and other prominent cities in all parts of the world shows that our metropolis is the most expensive on the globe in the matter of food. The whole cause of this social misfortune lies in the fact that the food itself comes to the consumers though too many middle men, all of whom must make their per centage.

"A T. STEWART has presented a house and lot worth $200,000 to Senator Creamer, of the New York Legislature, for vindicating the former when assailed on the floor." The "vindication," one would suppose, was very necessary, judging from those paid by the State banks and private bankers, but he gives the total amount of license tax collected from all banks during 1866 and 1867 as $3,545,051, and the total tax or dividend and proxies for the same time at $12,032,361.

A delegation from the Philadelphia Constitutional Club presented a gold medal, costing $1000, to the President today.

The Senate's Military Committee have as yet taken no action on Howard's report on Stanton's case.

The House Committee on Ways and Means have decided to recommend to Congress the appointment of a new special Commissioner to thoroughly examine all whisky metres.

The Indian Peace Commissioners today presented their report to the President.

The name of Thos. M. Stilwell was today sent into the Senate, as Minister to Austria.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Gen. Howard has received a report from Gen. Sewall, wherein he says he has had an interview with Gen. Ord, in relation to matters in Mississippi, and also, from citizens and persons from different parts of the State. He expresses some difference of opinion with Gen. Ord as to there being much cause for apprehensions of serious trouble there, and states there are in his office many letters and papers from different parts of the State, purporting to give the condition of affairs as they exist, but these are merely statements of persons as to what they fear may take place, and personal appeals from indigent white people for aid, also petitions from planters and factors for his interference to protect them against the frauds of each other. Considerable apprehension was manifested of negro insurrection, and it is said there are organizations for that purpose, but of this he had discovered no evidence. He thinks that during the winter there will be considerable destitution along the river counties, and aid from the Government may be required to prevent suffering.

SENATE.

A communication was received from the Secretary of the Treasury in reply to an inquiry in regard to the tax, etc., on National Banks. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Trumbull, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill amending the Bankrupicy Act, and recommending an indefinite postponement. Agreed to.

A resolution was adopted directing the Finance Committee to affix a penalty on any officer who shall authorize any expenditure not previously authorized by Congress.

The House bill was then taken up, directing that certain moities in the hands of the United States Treasurer, the proceeds of captured and abandoned property, shall be covered by warrants on the Treasury.

Trumbull charged that the Secretary had paid $2,000,000 to disloyal claimants.

Sherman suggested its reference to the Retrenchment Committee.

Fessenden asked that it be laid over.

Sherman moved to postpone further consideration, but afterwards withdrew it, and the bill was further debated.

After a few preliminary remarks by Edmonds and others, Ramsey moved to go into executive session, but withdrew the motion at the instance of Edmonds, who offered a resolution of inquiry, which was adopted, asking the President for information as to whether the bill for the further security of equal rights in the District of Columbia, passed by both Houses, has been delivered to the Secretary of State to become a law, ten days having elapsed since its passage.

A resolution, calling on the Attorney-General for copies of his opinion regarding the pay of retired officers of the navy, was adopted.

A bill authorizing writs of error from District to Circuit Courts of the United States, in certain classes of criminal cases, was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Morton offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill superseding and providing a Provisional Government for the lately rebellious States, until they are reconstructed under the existing acts of Congress, which was laid over.

Mr. Sherman moved to take up the bill to prevent the further contraction of currency, in order to make it the special order to morrow. After opposition by Fessenden and Trumbull, the motion to go into executive session being renewed by the latter and lost, Sherman's motion prevailed, and soon after the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Orth, from the Foreign Committee, reported a joint resolution requesting the President to intercede with Queen Victoria and secure the release of Rev. John McMahon, convicted as a Fenian raider. An amendment was offered to include the name of John Lynch, but the morning hour expired during the discussion and the resolution went over.

The Speaker presented a memoral from citizens of Connecticut, numerously signed, on the rights of American citizens abroad. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

A communication was received from the Secretary of the Interior, with the report of the Acting Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

A resolution was adopted instructing the Military Committee to transfer the Soldiers' Home at Washington to the National Asylum for disabled soldiers, and changing the name of the Institute to the National Soldiers' Home.

The Senate's amendment to the bill repealing the cotton tax was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The contested election case, of the Sixth Congressional District of Missouri, closed with a resolution that Birch was not entitled to a seat, and VanHorn, the sitting member, was so entitled.

The Speaker presented a message from the President with accompanying papers from the State Department, under the Diplomatic and Consular system. Referred to the Foreign Committee.

He also presented a communication from the Secretary of War, *ad interim*, with reports from the commanders of the Fifth Military District, relative to swamp lands, and with it a report from the Chief of Ordnance relative to manufactories and repairs of arms at the Springfield armory, for the year ending January, 1867.

Broomall offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of immediately abolishing the internal revenue tax on manufacturers of cotton, wool, iron and steel, which was adopted. He also asked leave to offer a resolution reciting the vote recently given in the House on the question of impeachment, which was likely to be construed into an affirmance of the position of the minority of the Judiciary Committee, on the law of impeachment, and be thereby drawn into a precedent not sanctioned by the judgment of the House, and resolving that in the opinion of the House the powers of impeachment of public officers for official misconduct, is not limited to those offenses that are indictable under the laws of the United States.

Eldridge objected, and the resolution was not received.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

FROM JACKSON.

Special dispatch to the Memphis APPEAL.]

JACKSON, MISS., January 8.

Ninety members of the Convention are present. The report of the Committee on Credentials received. The motion to proceed to permanent organization, McKee, of Vicksburg, hoped would be withdrawn until all the members had taken the oath. Not withdrawn prevailed. Mygatt, the temporary President, presented the book sent by the Radical Central Executive Committee at Washington for the information of the Convention. B. B. Eggleston, of Lowndes, (Radical,) and J. J. C. Watson, of Marshall, (Conservative,) were nominated for President. Eggleston received 53 votes, Watson 33, scattering 4. The strict party vote indicates the political status. Mygatt vacated and Eggleston took his seat. On motion, McKee was designated to administer the oath. He requested to know what oath, but finally swore the President as follows: "You solemnly swear to bear true faith and allegiance to the Government of the United States and the Constitution thereof, so help you God." The President then swore the Convention, in a body, to support the Constitution and faithfully perform the duties of delegates. Other permanent officers were then elected, the Radicals prevailing, except for Assistant Secretary. No negro officers elected. Adjourned.

FROM LITTLE ROCK.

Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.]

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., January 8.—Proceedings of the Convention of Arkansas, House of Representatives, January 7th, at 11 o'clock:

On motion of Mr. Hinds, Snider of Jefferson, was by acclamation, declared President pro. tem.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Brooks, of Phillips.

J. M. Jarber, of Johnson, was chosen Secretary pro. tem.

Mr. Hodges introduced a resolution that the Chair appoint a committee of four on credentials.

Mr. Montgomery moved that, before further steps, the roll be called and credentials presented. The motion prevailed.

The roll by counties was called and a quorum found to be present.

Mr. Hinds moved for a permanent organization. The motion was carried and Mr. Bowen, of Crawford county, Radical, being nominated, was elected by a vote of 43 against 8 scattering votes, and a committee of three was appointed to conduct him to the chair. He returned thanks for the honor, and expressed a desire to discharge his duties to the best of his ability.

Mr. Hodges moved that a committee of three be appointed to ascertain what oath should be taken by delegates. The President appointed Messrs. Hinds, Brooks and Gantt.

Mr. Hodges nominated John G. Price for Secretary; and Mr. Cypert nominated J. R. Barry.

Mr. Cypert thought that there was no authority for administering oaths; that being a registered voter, and having taken an oath as such, was sufficient evidence of loyalty.

Mr. Montgomery rose to a point of order when the name of Mr. Barry was withdrawn. The vote was taken, and Mr. J. G. Price, editor of the *Republican*, was elected by 48 against 3 scattering votes. Mr. H. S. John and Mr. Fitch were severally nominated for assistant secretaries, and when the President informed the body that Mr. Fitch was not here for that, but for another, office, whereupon Mr. Fitch's name was withdrawn and H. S. John elected first assistant secretary; Mr. Weight, of Phillips, was elected second assistant and Mr. Fitch third assistant secretaries. Mr. Schoeriff was elected sergeant-at-arms, and Mr. Belden first and Kirkham second assistant sergeant at arms; Selver, doorkeeper, with Robinson assistant and John Agee, negro, second assistant. Mr. Hall was elected enrolling clerk, and Mr. Hyde, chaplain.

On motion of Mr. Cypert, the chair appointed Masters Wilcox Rector (negro) and Johnson (negro) pages.

Under a resolution of Mr. Soule, the Secretary was instructed to prepare desks, etc., for reporters of the press.

On motion of Mr. Brooks the rules of the Arkansas Legislature of 1861 were adopted for the government of the Convention, until others should be prepared.

On motion of Mr. Hodges the President was instructed to appoint the several standing committees. Mr. Hinds from Committee on Oaths reported the Oath of Allegiance without any alteration as to the form to be administered to each member. Judge Caldwell, United States District Court, administered the oath to members standing, and the Convention adjourned to ten o'clock tomorrow.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 8.—Samuel Nicholson, the inventor of the pavement of that name, died to-day.

FROM LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, January 8.—The river is rising fast, with twelve feet on the falls. The weather is warm, with the mercury at 24.

FROM INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 8.—The Democratic State Convention to-day nominated Thos. A. Hendricks for Governor, and declared in favor of Pendleton for President.

FROM COLUMBUS.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Jan. 8.—The Democratic State Convention to-day passed a resolution instructing the Ohio delegation to the National Democratic Convention to vote for Pendleton.

FROM CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 8.—Crittenden & Sargent, proprietors of the Clarendon Hotel, have failed, with liabilities over $100,000.

The United States District Attorney has filed a suit for $185,000 against Gratem, Kemper & Co., for delinquent whisky taxes.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 8.—The banks and public buildings were closed to-day, in observance of the holiday, and the Convention adjourned until to-morrow; but most of the business houses were open.

The weather has turned cold and rainy, which proves a serious drawback to the Fair.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 8.—The President sent in a message in answer to the House resolution, concerning the alleged interference of a Russian man-of-war with a United States vessel in the Ochcook sea, saying that Mr. Seward had communicated with the Russian Minister, who would ascertain the facts from the Russian Government.

In answer to the Senate's resolution, calling for information in regard to the taxation of National Banks, the Secretary of the Treasury to-day transmitted the statement of the Treasurer, showing the amount annually collected from them up to June 30, 1867, to be $18,638,330; the amount of bonds held December 28, 1867, as security for the bank circulation, bearing interest at six per cent. in coin, $247,764,800; amount bearing five per cent. interest in coin, $89,656,950, bearing interest at six per cent. lawful money, $3,577,000. Total $340,997,750. The aggregate amount paid in bonds, held as security to same date, was, in coin, $58,183,364. In lawful money $341,000, or total interest reduced to lawful money $7,658,224. An accompanying communication from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue states that the manner in which these collections are reported does not enable him to discriminate as to the

abroad, which show that the speech of the Emperor to the Diplomatic Corps, on New Years, is accepted by all the Governments of Europe as a pledge of peace. The flattering manner in which the Baron Von Gaelty was received the same day, as the Minister from Prussia and the Confederation of the Northwest, was highly gratifying to Germany, and the terms in which the Emperor addressed him were eminently satisfactory to Prussia.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 8.—Flour, firmer; family, $11@11 50. Wheat is held at $2 60@2 65. Oats are held firmly at 70c. Rye, $1 00@1 05. Cotton, dull at 14@14½c. Whisky and tobacco, unchanged. Hogs are firmer, $6@6 25. Pork, $25 50@26. Lard is firmer, 12½@12¾c. Bulk meats and bacon, nominally unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, January 8.—Nothing doing in tobacco. Cotton easier; low middling 12½c. Flour quiet; extra $8 75@9 00. Wheat stiff, at $2 50@2 70. Corn flat, at 88@90c. Oats firm and higher, at 74@75c. Barley $1 95@2 10. Provisions are entirely nominal. The weather is clear, with the mercury at 16.

LOUISVILLE, January 8.—Tobacco active; sales 94 hhds; lugs, $4 50@6 50; common to medium leaf, $7@16 25. Flour, $7 75@12 75 for superfine and family. Wheat, $2 35@2 45. Corn, 75@80c. Oats, 68@69c. Bacon shoulders, 9½c; clear sides, 12½c; bulk shoulders, 9½c; clear sides, 11½c. Lard, 12½c. Pork, $21. Whisky nominal, 28@30c for bonded. Cotton, 13@14½c for middlings.

NEW YORK, January 8.—Cotton dull and lower; uplands, 16c. Money steady. Call loans, 6@7c. Sterling quiet, 10@10½. Gold, 36½. Exports of specie to-day, $1,435,000.

NEW ORLEANS, January 8.—Cotton quiet; sales 6200 bales; middling 15½; receipts 2767; exports 2226. Sugar and molasses dull and unchanged. The rainy weather interrupts operations. Flour dull; superfine $8@9 00; choice $13@$14 50. Corn steady, 95c. Oats steady and firm, 80c. Lard quiet; tierces 12½; kegs 13½c. Bacon shoulders 8@9c. Pork $21. Sterling 41@42. New York sight ½ discount. Gold 135.

THE new opera-house at Paris, will have forty boxes, twenty statues, and four groups. It will also be ornamented with five hundred marble pillars, each twenty-six and a half feet high, forty-three inches in circumference, and weighing nearly fourteen tons. They are in five colors, white, rose, green, red, and violet, and are brought from the Pyrenees, Italy, Sweden, Spain and Algeria.

We find the following in an exchange:

"GLENN'S FALLS, N. Y., January 6.—Information has been received here of the sudden sinking of Recluse Island, near Baldwin, Lake George, owned by Waters, of New York. It occurred about five o'clock this afternoon, accompanied by a tumultuous upheaving of the waters of that island, and the college thereon disappeared. The soundings on its recent site have been found at about 85 feet."

We wonder if the Devil, in hunting his own, mistook Recluse Island for the Radical Congress?

The Cincinnati *Commercial* contains the following in regard to the late railroad horror:

It has been shown, as to the disaster near Angola, that there were only two brakesmen on the train, which consisted of seven cars, and that the train ran nearly half a mile to the bridge after the rear car left the rails. It is now very conclusively proved, first, that, if the train had had a full complement of brakesmen, it would have been stopped before it reached the bridge; second, that, if the bridge had been built with strong guards or parapets on both sides, the cars could not have toppled from it, and there would have been no wreck. So the slaughter and burning may fairly be attributed to the inefficiency of the construction, and the deficiency of the equipment, of the road, and the insufficiency of employees on the train.

THE Huntsville (Ala.) *Advocate*, a Radical paper, speaking of the Constitution recently framed by the Radical Reconstruction Convention of Alabama, says:

If the Constitution is not modified, environed as we are, and almost in a state of anarchy, its adoption can only be accepted as a choice of evils, not defended as right and proper. But it is in our power to modify the evils now, and for that purpose the Convention should be called together again.

It also repudiates the action of the Radical meetings in North Alabama, and says that the white Unionists are ignored and rejected as the dead.

DIED.

ANDERSON.—At Richland, Shelby county, Tenn., on the 8th inst., at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Wm. Bird, Mrs. MILDRED ANN ANDERSON, wife of the late Col. Nathaniel J. Anderson. Funeral services at her brother's, Mr. S. Moore, Hickman county, at 11 o'clock, Sunday. Rev. Mr. White officiating. Carriages at Hoist's Livery Stable.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MENKEN BROTHERS

JUST RECEIVED

Fine All Wool 10-4

BED BLANKETS,

At $5 00 a Pair.

MENKEN BROTHERS

JUST RECEIVED

25 New Style Black

CLOTH CLOAKS,

From $15 to $25.

MENKEN BROTHERS

HAVE AGAIN REDUCED

Empress Cloths,

From $1 25 to 90 cts. per yard,

Of their Own Importation and the Best Goods Made.

MENKEN BROTHERS

OFFER TO

PLANTERS AND MERCHANTS

BARGAINS IN

DRY-GOODS.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee.—ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

William Farris,

of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at office No. 49 Main street, in Waltman Block, Memphis, Tennessee, before the Hon. J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 29th day of January, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A.m.

Memphis, Tenn., 8th day of January, A. D. 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Western District of Tennessee.

By J. R. BINGHAM,
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

jan9 21

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee.—ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

Josiah M. Alexander,

of Memphis, in the County of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at office No. 49 Main street, Waltman Block, Memphis, Tennessee, before the Hon. J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 27th day of January, A.D. 1868, at 10 o'clock a.m.

Memphis, Tenn., 8th day of January, A. D. 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Western District of Tennessee.

By J. R. BINGHAM,
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

jan9 21

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee.—ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

John Y. Gilbert,

of Memphis, in the County of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own Petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at office No. 49 Main street, Waltman Block, Memphis, Tenn., before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 27th day of January, A.D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A.M.

Memphis, Tenn., 8th day of January, A. D. 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Western District of Tennessee.

By J. R. BINGHAM,
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

jan9 21

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee.—ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

William Farris,

of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at office No. 49 Main street, in Waltman Block, Memphis, Tennessee, before the Hon. J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 29th day of January, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A.m.

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J. M. TOMENY,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Western District of Tennessee.

By J. R. BINGHAM,
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

jan9 21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MASONIC NOTICE.—The officers and members of Acacia Lodge No. 18, A. F. M. are hereby notified to attend a special communication, this Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock, for work in the Fellow Craft's Degree.

All F. C.'s in good standing are fraternally invited.

D. B. FORSTER, W. M.
JOHN BRAMISH, Sec'y. Ja9 1t

MASONIC NOTICE.—The members of Memphis Lodge, No. 340, will meet at their hall this (Thursday) evening at 7 o'clock, for work in F. A. degree.

All E. A.'s are fraternally invited.

By order of
G. O. MELLERISH, W. M.
BEN. K. PULLEN, Sec.
January 9, 1868—1t

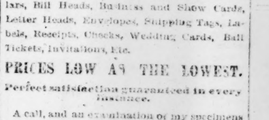
LOST.—About 5 o'clock, January 8, 1868, TWO COUNTY WARRANTS, of $50 00 each—No. 85, dated December 2, 1867, No. 867 dated January 3, 1868, drawn in the name of Edward Maguire or Jas. Swords. The County Trustee has been warned of said loss and they are accordingly rendered worthless.

EDWARD MAGUIRE.
Jan6-3t* J. J. SMITH.

SMITH & LEECH,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FOREIGN and Domestic WINES AND LIQUORS, 262 Second street, Memphis, Tenn. To the trade only. Liberal inducements offered to cash buyers. ja9 1t

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS



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UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

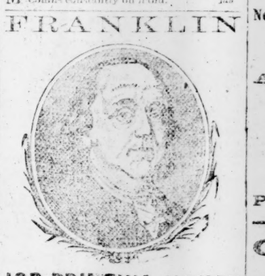
No 317 Second Street,

Near Monroe.

Memphis, - - Tennessee,

METALLIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. Ja9

FRANKLIN



JOB PRINTING HOUSE

15 West Court Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENN.

THE attention of the Merchants and Business Men of Memphis, North Mississippi, Arkansas and Arkansas, is particularly called to the superior facilities of this house for executing all kinds of

JOB PRINTING!

Plain, Fancy and Ornamental, such as Pamphlets, Constitutions, By-Laws, Blanks, Circulars, Bill Heads, Business and Show Cards, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Shipping Tags, Labels, Receipts, Checks, Wedding Cards, Ball Tickets, Invitations, Etc.

PRICES LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every instance.

A call, and an examination of my specimens is respectfully solicited.

S. C. TOOF, Proprietor.

GREAT WESTERN PRODUCE DEPOT

No. 3 PROMENADE STREET,

Elliott Block - MEMPHIS, TENN.

W. P. WRIGHT,

Storage, Forwarding and

General Commission Merchant,

Headquarters for Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Mixed Feed, Potatoes, Onions, Apples, Peaches, Onions, and Produce generally. Also, Lime, Cement and Plaster.

☞ Tariff for Cash only, consequently at lowest prices. Particular attention given to filling orders.

Case No. 125.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Isidore Goldsmith, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee, ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Isidore & Pollock, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition, by the district court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 8th day of January, A.D. 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CHRODE, Assignee, Etc.,
No. 450 Main street, Waldrin Block.
jan9 law tu, wed, thu

DR. W. E. ROGERS

HAS REMOVED HI

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election.
J. W. KING.
ref 1e*

WE are authorized to announce A. MOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. aul te*

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A MOST DESIRABLE STORE, No 28 Front street, corner of Front and Adams. Inquire of WALKER BROS. & CO., 29 Main street. jan 1w

FOR RENT—A GOOD DWELLING HOUSE, containing six rooms, kitchen containing two rooms smoke house, stables, carriage house and cistern, with five acres excellent cleared land under good fence, cuts and a half miles from Court Square, near the Germantown Plank road, adjoining W. J. Mnoon's place. Apply at No. 14 Monroe street, to
J. H. BRISKLEY.
jan 1-3w

FIRST FINISHED AND FOR RENT—TWO elegant Brick Residences, with Store rooms attached. These houses are situated on Second street in Chelsea, and will be let very cheap to a responsible tenants. Apply to W. D. BEARD, Attorney, No. 24 Court street, or to
W. D. McCALLUM.
dec23 2w

TO RENT—A HANDSOME FRONT ROOM, with board, at Mrs. Dr. George C. Read's, No. 20 Court street.
dec27 1t

FOR RENT—The "CHERRY PLACE," on Raybure avenue, 1½ miles south of Court Square. Terms reasonable to a good tenant.
FARLEE & HARBERT,
dec21 tf 14 Monroe street.

FOR RENT—COMMERCIAL HOTEL.—This desirable Hotel is now offered for lease. Apply to
J. J. A. BEWS,
dec17 1m At People's Bank.

FOR RENT—A STORE on Navy street, located in one of the best business portions of the city. Rent low to a good tenant. For particulars inquire at 44 Main street. dec10

FOR RENT—
A GROCERY STORE at the intersection of Poplar and Alabama streets. A number and small tan combined, a large country trade. Inquire on the premises, 300 Alabama street.
nov21 tf

FOR RENT—
The elegant new building No. 7 Howard's row, three stories high, with good cellar.
Apply to
M. L. MEACHAM,
oct22 tf No. 9 Union street.

FOR RENT—
A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately.
J. W. PAGE, JR.
oct7 tf

FOR RENT—I will rent my Plantation on the Yazoo Pass, in Coahoma county, Miss., for the year 1868. This farm is of about 400 acres in cultivation. The present year's crop needs only most of it to entirely above overflow. It is situated in a pleasant neighborhood, and has room for a large number of hands, now on the place, and willing to remain on it. The place has a fine new two Room dwelling, with out and other large Cisterns. I will rent cheap, and take land, if preferred, in part pay. Apply to or address J. W. Hunt, on the place, or to the undersigned, near Como, Panola county, Miss.
C. W. HUNT.
December 15, 1867. dec16 1m

VALUABLE PLANTATION TO LEASE.

I WILL Lease, as administrator of Christopher J. Quigley, deceased, his valuable plantation place of Clay & Field, and the plantation known as the Content Place. These plantations are in the county of Bolivar, Miss., and in one division of said land, having been cultivated for years past. There is a good dwelling house and Saw-Mill on the Home Place for sale.
For further information apply to myself Paris, Tennessee, county Ky., or to Dr. J. Hudson, on the premises.
B. J. CLAY,
Admr'r. of Christopher J. Quigley, dec'd.
oct9

For Lease.

Mulberry Grove Plantation,

ON ARKANSAS RIVER,

TWELVE miles below Pine Bluff is above overflow, has on it a splendid dwelling, cistern of never-failing strength and supply, good fencing, and a large orchard. One thousand acres in a thorough state of cultivation. Almost enough hands on the place now for the crop. Immediate possession.

Early application should be made to Mrs. Estelle Waters, John S. Rose, Dr. T. J. Harding, or Robert Lusk, at Nashville.
dec18 1m

TO LEASE

FOR A TERM OF

FIVE YEARS.

THAT most desirable and centrally located Hotel, called "HOTEL DE EUROPE."

The Furniture, of every kind, now used in the Hotel, will be sold with the Lease, if desired. For terms of lease apply at the office of
KINNEY & POSTLE,
Real Estate Agents, 161 Williams' Block,
oct 17 Corner Second and Madison Sts.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE OR RENT, and elegant Cottage RESIDENCE on improved lot all new), with five acres of ground, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, one mile from Germantown Railroad. Houses contain five rooms, with all necessary out-houses. For further information apply to H. F. Jones or Capt. Geo. M. Jones, near Chelsea, Shelby, or to the undersigned, near Como, Panola county, Miss.
O. M. ALSOP.
January 2, 1868. ja1 2w

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A SECOND HAND ENGINE, with Boiler and Fixtures complete. Engine with 10 inch cylinder, 12 inches, with 24 inches stroke, using 1½ inch steam pipe, in complete order. Apply soon at 263 Madison street, or 262 Front Row.
SOUTH W. ET. & CO.'S PRESS CO.
Memphis, December 12, 1867. dec13 1m

HOUSES. HOMES. HOUSES.

WILL SELL OR LEASE ON TEN YEARS' TIME, A LOT OF GROUND on the Brick Church, in Chelsea, of any size suitable for Residence, Gardening, with good Houses, best Gardening in the county, with good Houses. Prices very made, etc. Call soon and take choice.
R. R. THOMAS.
[nov25-3w]

WANTS.

WANTED—One or two good second hand PIANOS. Must be in good tune size. Persons having such wishing to sell, will address Office No. 11, Waldran Block, Main street.
jan 1 tf

WANTED—To rent, a HOUSE of from two or three rooms, or of Court Square, containing six rooms, two good Kitchens and Servant's room, for which a liberal rent will be paid by a good tenant. Address M. A., Appeal office.
jan 1 tf

WANTED—A WET NURSE. Apply to No. 368 Main street, or the office.
ja8 tf

WANTED—FROM THREE TO EIGHT Acres Well Timbered Land, within five miles of Court Square, for which cash will be paid. Address
C. D. SANSOM,
dec21 1w Senatobia, Miss.

WANTED—A situation as Book keeper by a young man of this city, and fully competent. Will close up old books and open new ones, or do any other kind of writing. Best of references given. Address "Frank," care of Appeal office.

WANTED—A good young MILCH COW, with CALF not over two months old. Apply at this office.
dec21 tf

INFORMATION WANTED—OF MARY J. HARRISON and Child, the Widow and Daughter of Wm. Harrison, pattern-maker, who was employed in Nashville, Tennessee, on 3d of May, 1866. If living, and will correspond with the undersigned, they will hear of something to their advantage. Address D. BAILEY, Merchant Tailor, Savannah, Ga., Box 138.
ja8

WANTED.

SMOKERS TO KNOW THAT GENUINE

PANTACAS AND RECALIA DEL REY

CIGARS

Are for sale at the OVERTON HOTEL'S

Smoker's Emporium.

GEORGE L. GRAYSER.
dec8 3m Proprietor, Memphis.

LOST--FOUND.

FOUND—A SUM OF MONEY AND BUNDLE of Papers, which the owner can get by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Apply at this office.
ja1 1w

GOOD NEWS for the HOLIDAYS

GROCERIES, GREEN & DRIED FRUITS, Preserves, Jellies, TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC., —AND— CONFECTIONERIES

IN ALL THEIR VARIETY.

WE have recently been placed in receipt of a large and most well assorted stock of FANCY GROCERIES, etc., consisting in part of Almonds, Filberts, Pecans, Brazil Nuts, Citron, Raisins, Currants, Figs, Jellies, and Preserves of all kinds; Sauces, Pickles, Can Fruits, Teas, and a variety of other articles too lengthy for enumeration. We are also in receipt of regular ships, cuts of Oranges, Lemons and other Green Fruits, and invite the attention of our old customers and the public generally to our stock, feeling confident that our lengthy business experience of 20 years as to give entire satisfaction to all of our many patrons.

Tennessee Steam Candy Manufactory.

Our customers will be furnished fresh daily as heretofore, and guaranteed pure. We manufacture none but No. 1 articles, ah that this fact is appreciated a liberal patronage, demonstrates.

Particular attention paid to the filling of country orders.

L. ROCCO & CO., Importers,
290 and 292 Second street, cor. Madison.
dec10 2m

AROMATIC VEGETABLE Soap Combined with Glycerine, recommended for the delicate skin of Ladies and Children. Invented by COLGATE & CO., N. Y. Sold by all Dealers.

Case No. 9.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Ford & Wilson, Bankrupts in Bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Ford & Wilson, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said District, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said District.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	7:00 a.m.	6:30 p.m.
Night Express	7:00 p.m.	6:30 a.m.

Railroad time 10 minutes faster than city.
Ticket office No. 267 Main street and at Depot, foot of Monroe street.
E. A. E. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	4:30 p.m.	6:00 a.m.
Through Mail Daily	1:40 p.m.	6:30 a.m.
Somerville Accommodation Daily (sundays excepted)	2:45 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
Ticket office, 258 corner of South Court st.		

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Now Orleans Express daily except Sundays	4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
Sardis accom'n Express daily except Sundays	10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
Freight daily, save Sunday	10:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.

Freight office, LIVERMORE'S HOUSE, foot Union st.
O. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Freight Agt. jy5

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Halifax, and all North and West, at 2:30 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, etc., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New Orleans, Knoxville, and all other points South and East, at 12:45 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all other points South, 2:15 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, to New Orleans, Jackson and Grand Northern railroads at 2:15 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 2:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Nashville and Ohio, Ohio and Dexter, Nashville and Decatur, and Eastern Tennessee railroads at 2:30 p.m.

For Little Rock, Ark., and all points landing on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly) Thursdays and Saturdays.

For Mississippi river—South, (semi-weekly) Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—North, (semi-weekly) Mondays and Fridays.

S. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

Our Friends will remember that the Appeal office is now located at No. 13 Jefferson street.

REMOVAL.—The editorial rooms of the APPEAL have been removed to No. 13 Jefferson street, up stairs, where we will be glad to see our friends at all times.

BUSINESS.—We request that our advertising patrons hand in their favors at the Counting Room by six o'clock p.m., to insure insertion next day. Ordinary and legal notices will be received at the Composition Room up to eleven o'clock.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Hereafter no individual bills of any character or proprietary in this paper will not be allowed as an off set against accounts for advertising. All bills against the APPEAL will be paid on presentation, and no bill will be allowed unless contracted by me or by my authority.
Cashier and Business Manager

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL.—Subscribers are requested to report any irregularities in the delivery of the APPEAL at the Counting room. Carriers will be furnished weekly with certificates authorizing them to collect subscriptions.
D. M. SANSOM,
Superintendent of Circulation.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Those indebted to the APPEAL for advertising, and whose accounts are past due, will please come forward and settle the same by the 15th inst., or they will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.
JOHN ATNSLIE, Cashier.

DISTRICT ASSESSORS.—The appointments of these officers will be made on the 15th by the County Commissioners.

LAUNDRY, 40 Jefferson street: Gentlemen's shirts, 2 will be done for $1 25; per dozen; ladies' $1 50 —all plain work.

REDUCED.—The county precincts of the census of the Southern Express Company has been reduced to 2300, from 11000, for the current year.

THE report of the meeting last night of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick is unavoidably crowded out this morning. It will appear to-morrow.

THE VARIETIES.—The plan of amusement continues to be well patronized. The manager, Mr. Brooks, spares no effort to please his patrons. New acts and stars are produced in rapid succession.

JAIL CHAPLAIN.—The County Commissioners have determined that the prisoners can do without their Sunday rations of religion, and abolished the office of jail chaplain.

SENT UP.—Jesse Burt, the negro charged with stealing, was up for examination before Mr. Justice Moore yesterday, when, after a careful hearing, he was sent to the Criminal Court for trial.

FIRE IN CHELSEA.—The one story brick house, destroyed by fire in Chelsea, on Tuesday night, was not the property of Mrs. Oldham, as stated yesterday morning. It was owned by Mrs. Nevills and valued at $2500.

HORSE THIEVES.—Mr. Marion Farrell, who resides eight miles from the city, on the Hernando stock road, lost a horse on yesterday morning. The animal was traced to the city, but, so far, is not at last accounts recovered.

MEETING TO NIGHT.—Do not forget the meeting called for this evening at the City Hall, to remonstrate with Congress for not enforcing our national prerogative in the protection of foreign-born citizens abroad.

WINTER.—Yesterday morning the house-tops were white, and there was not much thawing going on during the day. It was frozen hard in the evening, with a fierce wind. What will be on the tapis this morning?

PERSONAL.—Gen. Fagan, of the late C. S. A., is in the city putting up at the Gayoso.

J. A. Signiago, editor of the Grenada *Sentinel*, paid us a flying visit yesterday. He is in his usual good health and spirits.

A ROBBER BAND.—We have been informed more than once that a barn on the east side of Shelby, between Linden and Beal streets, is the nightly resort of a band of robbers. About eight o'clock last night they pursued a gentleman, who made tracks and escaped. The Superintendent of the Police should see to it, and drive off the miscreants.

RECOVERED.—Officer Selkirk was fortunate enough yesterday to recover two stolen horses, one of which belonged to Mr. James Kellog, of Louisville. This officer has, by his shrewdness and industry within the past few months, recovered a large amount of property, which has been restored to the owners, thereby making their hearts feel glad.

THIEF ARRESTED.—Officer P. Cassck yesterday morning arrested a man named Kelly, thought to have been concerned in a "haul" made at the Overton sometime since. A St. Louis pawnbroker's ticket for a valise and contents (part of the missing property) was found in his boot. He goes before Squire Miller for examination.

NOT THE MAN.—An applicant for office, who, by the authority of a sheepskin has a right to place M. D. after his name, visited our friend Jas. G. Moffatt yesterday and solicited his influence at the Board. After showing his papers, etc., the applicant was somewhat chagrined to find that he had been barking up the wrong tree; that Thomas, not Jas. Moffatt, was the worthy representative from the Eighth ward.

INSTALLATION.—At the last regular meeting of Bluff City Division No. 11 Sons of Temperance, the following officers were installed into office for this term: B. F. Price, W. P.; F. M. Haley, W. A.; E. S. Hallis, R. S.; James Stone, A. R. S.; D. F. Brien, F. S.; C. O'Connor, T.; G. C. Price, Chap.; W. W. Geary, Con.; Wm. Allen, H. C.; P. Dromgole, J. S.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street, and 393 Main street, have received Waverly Magazine, Albion, Last Sensation, Wilkes' Spirit, New York Citizen, Harper's Bazar, La Crosse Democrat, Chimney Corner, Saturday Night, London News (with a picture), Peterson's Magazine and Ballou's Monthly for February, also Diaries for 1868. Now is your time to invest for 1868. They are selling them at very low prices.

AN ILLUMINATION.—Capt. John Signiago, of No. 3 Engine House, had the building containing the steamer over which he has control illuminated last night in honor of the late Conservative victory. The name of the Mayor elect, Hon. John W. Leftwich, was most prominent in the transparencies. The boys of No. 3 are always to be found right side up, and ever ready when wanted.

A FINE ESTABLISHMENT.—The enterprising firm of M'Caffrey & Cornelius, Embalmers and Undertakers, No. 317 Second street, have one of the finest establishments in the Southwest, and are prepared to attend to all business in their line in the most satisfactory manner. They have recently purchased one of the best hearses ever brought to this section of the country. It will hereafter be used for funerals for which this firm is engaged. A visit to their establishment will repay the visitor for the time used.

OMISSION.—In our notice yesterday morning of candidates for appointment by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, we omitted to mention the name of Col. John Martin, of the Ninth ward, as a candidate for City Comptroller. The office, as we understand, was created while Col. Martin was Chairman of the Board of Aldermen; and at his instance.

CITY FINANCES.

The Condition of Affairs.

A new era of Municipal government having just begun, it may be interesting and useful to take a brief view of the present condition of our municipal finances, and a retrospect of some expenditures during the two years last past. Such a view may inform us whether City Scrip should only rate, as at present, at thirty five cents on the dollar. Such a retrospect may enable us to set a proper value upon the administration just closed, and guide our expectations of that which is just now getting its machinery into working order.

Owing to commercial and financial depression, property of all kinds in Memphis has greatly declined in value; yet at a fair assessment, Memphis has still thirty millions of dollars worth of tangible property belonging to her citizens.

The actual debt of Memphis is only $2,772,201 00, and of this only about one-fourth is due and pressing. This will be apparent from a statement of the items of the actual debt, viz: Outstanding city scrip, $841,297 21; past due coupons, $183,147 41; notes, sums of which have, nearly a year to run, $231 859 97; and bonds which have mostly long time to run, $1,771,0.0. These and a contingent item of $15,986 38, based on the present assessment, foot up the round sum of $2,772,201 00, a sum

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL }
MEMPHIS, January 8, 1868. }

Local finances are about as they were yesterday. Balances are low and currency close, with no transactions in commercial paper to note. Light bills on New York are abundant, but not as much so as we feel to be the case were our cotton market to take a start upwards. As it is, the supply of exchange exceeds the demand. Rates are unchanged, both buying and selling, with occasional concessions from par on the latter.

Gold opened to day in New York at 137¾; at noon it had declined to 136¾, and closed at 136⅝. The downward tendency was looked on among our dealers as but a temporary reaction, and they bought at full figures. The offerings were light, and the aggregate sales for the day, as reported, will be small. Buying at 135@135¼; selling at 136@137.

Only scrip is held off the market. Brokers buy when presented at 92, and sell at 93@95. The demand is very fair, and indications point to a steady advance.

County Warrants are inactive. Buying at 65c; selling at 68@70c.

Police Scrip steady at 80@82c buying; selling at 81@85.

The Liverpool cotton market at the opening to-day was dull, and declined ⅛d. Uplands, 7¾d; Orleans, 7¾d. At noon it was dull, with Uplands the same, and Orleans declined 0 7-16d. At the close the market was heavy but unchanged. Sales, 8,000 bales. The New York market at the opening was dull, with holders anxious to realize, and prices tending downwards, and at the close was dull and nominal at yesterday's quotations. Sales, 1000 bales. Our market was inactive throughout. The inquiry was fair for good styles, but the figures off-red did not come up to the views of sellers, very few of them uncovered their tables. The few sales made were on a basis of 4 for Middlings. We give the statement of cotton to-day as made out by Col. Jno. Hart, Secretary of the Chamber o Commerce, from actual count. The discrepancy between the stock on hand and the former estimate made by the Chamber, has occurred from the impossibility of sales, received from us by wagon, during this season, more than any other, have been very irregular and difficult to get at accurately.

Low Stained	11@11½
G-an Stained	12 @13
Ordinary	12 @—
Good Ordinary	12¾@13
Low Middling	13¼@13½
Middling	13¾@13¾
Str ct Middling	14 @—
Good Middling	nominal

COTTON STATEMENT.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE }
MEMPHIS, January 8, 1868. }

Receipts this day	1,100 bales
Shipments this day	1,969 bales
Stock on hand, by actual count	10,170 bales
Of which, then in storage in sheds	8,207
On Bluff	917
Land about stores	112
Awaiting presses, in transitu	2,340 bales
Unsold	7,976 bales

The weather was very cold yesterday, and those not compelled to be out were around the fires. Our no-transaction hours were described by customers. Even our retail stores were cheerless, and lacked the presence of rustling silks and handsome faces, which for so long have been characteristic of Memphis. The provision market was excessively dull. It is no use to question what the future will be while the large stock of bulk meats on hand. The demand is very light indeed, and will not improve until the planting season opens. Mess Pork is held at $21 50@22 in large lots, and $22 50 in a small way from store. Prime, $18 in large Rump, dull at $16@17. Bacon Clear Sides, nominal; 15@15½c; Shoulders, 9½@10c; Rib Sides, 11 @12c; Shoulders, 8½@9c; Plain Hams, 15@16c; Sugar-cured Hams, 16@18c; Breakfast Bacon, 15 @16c. Cornmeal, dull but firm at $4 00@4 10 per barrel. Corn is one higher, with light stock; held on landing at 80c, and from store at 85c. Corn is quite scarce at 75c. Oats, firm at 77@80c. Bran, dull at $20@21. Hay, firmer but not higher; held on landing at $26@28. Lard, 13@13½c in tierces; 15@16c in kegs. India Bagging, 24@25c; Sackrope, 25@27c; Hemp, 19@20c. Rosewax, 30c. Choice cotton yarn in demand at 40@42c; Go ds, 30@33c; Cooking Butter, 20@25c; Strictly Choice, 30@35c; Cheese, 15@16c; E. D., 16@17c; Factory, 16@17c; Soda per barrel, $11@12. Candles, light weight, 12@13c. Cement, $4 25@4 50. Ladies, 40@45c; Java, 36@37c. Eggs, 35@40c. Coal Oil, 50c. The Flour market is firm; superfine, $8@9; X, $10@11; XX, $12@13; XXX, $14@15; fancy brands, $14 @15 50. Maccaroni, No. 1, $18@18 50; No. 2, $2 50@2 75; No. 3, $2 @2 50. Grease, 7@8c. Gunnies, new, $4 25@— second hand, illegible. New Louisiana Molasses, 7 @80c in barrels; 75@80c in half barrels. Dry Fish Rid's, 10c; Dry salt, 16@17c; Green Salt, 9@10c; Green, 7@8c. Soda, $7 50@7 ated Onions, in better supply, $4 @5 50. Potatoes dull at 50@— per bare l Sweet, 90@95 per bushel. Powder, 6 @ 7 keg; half kegs, $4 25; quarters, $2 25. Shot, $3 25@3 50 per sack. Chickens scarce at $5@6 per doz. Turkeys, $14@15. Iron Ties, $8@9. Rope dull at 9@10c for Sackleine; no demand for hand made. Bacon Salt is steady, $3 50@3 75; Sack. Bran at $8@8 25. Malt at $1 @1 10. Yellow Soda 9@10c. Tar per dozen kegs, $6@6 50. Wood wanted, 250@300 cords for Interior. Whisky dull at $1 60@1 75 for common. Sugars, crushed and powdered, 18@19c. Coffee, 16@ 17@c; Brown, 15@16c. Tobacco, low grade, natural leaf, $1 00@1 25; bright pounds fancy leaf $2 25@3 00; medium, 40c to $1; common, 10 to 75c; manufactured, $1 50@2 25; fine cut for smoking, fine, and fancy, $1 50@2 50; common, 25 to 75c. Whisky is dull at $1 35 to 2 for common.

The Stock market is well supplied with better descriptions, no one Beeves, 6@6½; second quality, 4½@5½; inferior cattle, 3@4. Hogs, good, 7@7½c. Good Sheep are scarce and sell at $4@5, as to condition. Dressed Hogs, 9@10c.

GRAND SPECIAL SCHEME
—OF THE—
RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS,
TO BE DRAWN ON OR ABOUT
February 15, 1868,
Under the direct auspices of the following well known Citizens of Memphis:

DIRECTORS.

N. CORONNA, Pres't German National Bank; JOHN S. TOOF, of Toof, Phillips & Co; W. L. N. SCOTT, Ex-Mayor of W. L. Stewart Bros; ROBERTS SAUNDERS, C. S. Collector; H. R. PITTMAN, of H. R. Pittman & Co; GEO. H. LEGUERE, of Ward & Leguere.

N. CORONNA.....Treasurer.
DEPOSITORY—German National Bank
F. Y. ROCKETT.....Financial Secretary.

$34,500 IN PREMIUMS.
NUMBER of PRIZES, 35.
CERTIFICATES, $5 EACH.
A Fortune or a Residence for $5
CAPITAL PRIZE VALUED AT $20,000 00.

Which amount has recently been offered for the Springs and is immediately surrendering.

PRIZE NO 1.
[illegible] Mineral Springs, etc.
[illegible] and Furniture.
[illegible] and Furniture.
[illegible] and Furniture.
[illegible] and six acres.
[illegible] and medicinal qualities.
[illegible] Summer by the [illegible]
[illegible] and pleasure, [illegible]
[illegible]y. They are within a few [illegible]
[illegible] of Raleigh, in a beautiful [illegible] a few hundred feet [illegible] winds around the base of [illegible] which the village of Raleigh [illegible]ended into the "Father of [illegible]." Numerous remarkable [illegible] as well as experiments [illegible] at this healthful, inspiring retreat, [illegible] Dr. J. M. Worthington, [illegible] hundreds of certificates of cures [illegible] has been entirely given over by [illegible] The ground [illegible] comprising [illegible] and in fact the entire village of Raleigh, is an eminence of pure air, and is as [illegible] for its healthfulness as beauty of [illegible]. The Springs are in fine order, never [illegible], and are designated as follows:

MARBLE SPRING,
IRON SPRING,
MAGNOLIA SPRING,
ARSENIC SPRING,
SULPHUR SPRING,
FREESTONE SPRING.

The place has never been visited by epidemic of any kind, and peculiarly characteristics of the healthfulness is the low[illegible] of the inhabitants. The oldest citizens of Shelby county are residents of Raleigh

The springs are as much resorted to by pleasure seekers as by invalids, owing to its beauty of scenery and various artificial as well as natural attractions. Connected with the Springs are a Pavilion, Ladies' Bowling Alley, Rosin Alley, Reading Room, Gentlemen's Bowling Alley, Saloon, Board Room, Gymnasium, Refreshment Tables, etc., while Wolf river affords excellent Boating and Fishing.

The ground accompanying the Springs, in the above scheme and included in the First Prize, is often acres in extent, covered with fine timber, and affords in addition to the magnificent site for a grand hotel and other buildings; splendid facilities for a park, promenade, etc.

An analysis of the several Springs, by distinguished medical men, shows that they are fully surpassed in mineral and curative properties by any in the United States. There is no reason then why Raleigh should not become as famous a Sanitary Station or Lebanon, and as largely patronized. It needs only capital and enterprise to accomplish this end.

A charter is secured from the State Legislature for the incorporation of the Springs, and a movement has been inaugurated looking to direct Rail communication with Memphis.

For this prize, $20 00 was recently offered, which was declined by the owner that the above scheme may be fully carried out.

PRIZE NO 2.

The elegant country mansion house and lot residence of Col. A. M. Coleman is within a few yards of the Springs. The house is in first class order, contains 9 rooms and is built up on an elevated lot in a shrubbery. The lot is well fenced and improved with fine shade and fruit trees, and affords all the necessary outhouses, stables, etc. Situated in the village and Spring Valley, on the main promenade. Value $8000.

PRIZE NO. 3.

One thousand dollars in cash.

PRIZE NO. 4 TO 25.

Twenty-two cottage lots valued at $200 each. These lots are in front of the village of Raleigh, delightfully situated, and fronting on the main drives and will be drawn with the understanding that the winners shall have free access at all times to the Springs and beloongings.

Details of the Drawing.

Six thousand and seven hundred tickets, representing the certificates issued, will be placed in numbered wheels, the same number of blanks, including twenty five inscribed with the names of the prizes, will be placed in another. From these wheels tickets will be drawn at the same time, and the [illegible]drawn will take the prize[illegible] and drawn.

All moneys received [illegible] sale of these [illegible] Raleigh National [illegible] Bank of [illegible], subject to the [illegible] of the ASSOCIATES [illegible] the drawing takes place.

Reference[illegible]
C F [illegible] & Co, Wm. Hunting Bros
[illegible] & Co, [illegible]son & Co
[illegible] & Co.

NOTICE.

Persons ordering [illegible] by mail can have [illegible]ge vouchers to the amount of five dollars in registered letters. Persons ordering [illegible]dra ts, payable to our order, [illegible] at our risk, with address [illegible] plain[illegible] written.

All orders or certificates, and communications should be addressed to

J. Y. ROCKETT,
At Phoenix Mutual Ins. Co. Building,
Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

SMITH & DUNNING,
SHIPPING & COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NO. 65 SOUTH STREET,
JAMES SMITH, } NEW YORK.
CHARLES GOODD, }
Represented by Colonel J. A. BRIDGLAND,
dec29 1f Memphis, Tenn.

Charleston Cotton Press.

WE are now prepared to compress Cotton, day and night, at our new press, northeast corner Memphis and Charleston Depot. Entrance on Adams street, and through the grounds. We have abundance of room for Cotton and Seed for buyers to [illegible] and take up their bids, free [illegible] Charleston & Ohio R. R.
[illegible]
[illegible]

NOTICE.

Persons ordering [illegible] by mail can have [illegible]ge vouchers to the amount of five dollars in registered letters. Persons ordering [illegible]dra ts, payable to our order, [illegible] at our risk, with address [illegible] plain[illegible] written.

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[illegible]
[illegible]

CHURN DASHER.

FINLEY'S
CHURN DASHER.

Retail Price Everywhere, - $3 00.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT FOR THE SOUTHERN States for "FINLEY'S CHURN DASHER," at the popular CHINA HALL of

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No. 321 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.,
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AGENTS WANTED
IN EVERY COUNTY in the UNITED STATES.
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Agents Wanted

In every county in the United States for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Liberal inducements to active and reliable men.

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Obion, Henry and Hardeman counties, Tenn.; and Marshall, Lafayette, Tuntoloo and Tallobusha counties, Miss., are open to agency for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Apply immediately to

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Col. W. Underwood,

The popular candidate for municipal honors, says butter is made at his house in less than five (5) minutes with the FINLEY DASHER.

W. B. Waldran, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, uses the FINLEY DASHER. Ask him if he can now afford to do without it? Dr. J. Y. Cummings says butter is obtained at his house in from three to five minutes with the FINLEY DASHER. Go and get one and try it yourself. Price, $8 00, cash.

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Who cannot make money at clerking, CAN with a little effort and a little capital, make money, surely and rapidly, by sale of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Come and see us, and we will convince you.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
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Get One

Of the FINLEY CHURN DASHERS and try it; if not fully up to representation, return it and get your Three Dollars.

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Everybody Knows

The genial "Charlie" Morris. He says the FINLEY CHURN DASHER beats everything in Arkansas. John M. Woodson, of Germantown, is astonishing and delighting the good housekeepers of his neighborhood with the marvelous work of the DASHER. Can't please your wife and daughters better than by adding a DASHER to your household inventory. Only $5 00. Agents wanted every where.

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Shelby Depot, says no housekeeper ought to be without a FINLEY CHURN DASHER, and no one certainly will after one trial, for the trifling sum of $3 00. Ask Dr. Henry Dickery, Dr. Love and General J. C. N. Robertson, of Hernando, what they would take for their FINLEY DASHERS if they could not get another. Perhaps they would surprise you with their answers. Retailed everywhere at $8 00. More agents wanted.

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($07) FINLEY CHURN DASHERS sold in one week—all guaranteed and not one yet returned. "Old fogies," don't wait for fear that you may possibly be humbugged. No "Yankee humbug." If it does not perform all we promise for it, come and get your money again.

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"Western Reserve"

and "Goshen" housekeepers and dairymen pronounce the FINLEY CHURN DASHER the best churning implement yet seen. Try it yourself, and you will be fully convinced. Retail at $3 00.

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2000 Finley Churn Dashers

To arrive next week. Agents can be profitably employed. Our agents are all making money. You can do the same, if you will try.

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General R. E. Lee,

Of Virginia, has a FINLEY DASHER. Col. Nath. Adams, Stanton Depot, uses FINLEY DASHER. Col. J. J. Fackler, of Huntsville, Ala., uses FINLEY DASHER. G. D. Winchell, of Cincinnati, says nothing equal to the DASHER. Mrs. A. J. Smith, of Rochester, N. Y., uses one of the DASHERS. Col. H. W. Strong, of Dixon, Ill., pronounces the DASHER a success. Dr. J. M. Owen, of Russellville, Ky., says it can't be beat. The venerable editor of the Jackson Whig, W. W. Oates, does not hesitate to recommend the DASHER in highest terms. And so will any other individual who will TRY IT. Retail Price, $3 00. Exclusive agencies and good terms to the right sort of men with a small capital. Call upon, or write to,

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